

Autoenrolment rules

2022



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If you're an employer, you are obligated to set up an **auto-enrolment pension scheme** for your employees.

In this guide, we'll break down everything you need to know about setting up and managing an auto-enrolment pension.

- What is autoenrolment?
- 5 Auto-enrolment thresholds

Autoenrolment eligibility

- Is auto-enrolment the same as salary sacrifice?
- When do I autoenrol a new employee?
- Who can opt out of auto-enrolment?
- Do I have to enrol temporary staff?



#1 What is auto-enrolment?

Put simply, auto-enrolment is a pension set up by you, the employer, for your workers.

Since 2012, all eligible employees have to be automatically enrolled into a **workplace pension scheme**. More on what constitutes an 'eligible employee' shortly.

Both you and your employees will need to contribute into their pension, up to the legal minimum of 8% of their pre-tax salary.

Auto-enrolment was introduced by the government to increase the amount of UK workers contributing into their pension.

#2 Auto-enrolment eligibility

Most workers in the UK will be eligible for an automatic enrolment pension.

Which of your team you'll need to enrol depends on:

- Their age
- · How much they earn

The basics you need to know is this: if you are 22 or over and earn over £10,000 a year, you're eligible for auto-enrolment.

There are a few exclusions to be aware of, including:

- They've opted out of the auto-enrolment scheme within the last 12 months
- They have given (or received) notice that they are leaving their job

What age does auto-enrolment start?

Currently in the UK, you won't qualify for an auto-enrolment pensions scheme until you reach 22 years old.

However, those aged 16 and above (or earning £6,240 a year and up) can also ask to be enrolled. If they do, you are legally obliged to set up and contribute into an autoenrolment pension for them.

#3 When do I auto-enrol a new employee?

The key to enrolling new employees into your pension scheme is the **auto- enrolment date**.

This is the date that all employees must be enrolled and is the latest of:

- · Your auto-enrolment staging date
- The date the employee becomes eligible (i.e. reaches 22)
- The end of their probation

How long can you postpone auto-enrolment?

Many employers chose to delay enrolling new employees until they have passed their probational period. You can therefore push back the date on which you enrol by up to a **maximum of 3 months**.

You can also, however, choose to enrol new employees on their start date.

Here's the main thing to remember. As long as the new employee is eligible, you have 6 weeks from their auto-enrolment date to enrol them into your pension scheme.

It's also important to know that when you start contributing into an employee's pension, you'll need to make contributions from the given auto-enrolment date - even if they did opt in at this point. This can mean you have to backdate contributions.



Every employee over 22 earning at least £520 a month must be automatically enrolled in your pension scheme

Do I have to auto-enrol temporary staff?

If you employ any temporary or part-time staff, you may still have to enrol them in your pension scheme.

The question again comes down to are they an 'eligible employee', regardless of their employment status.

If they are:

- Over 22
- Earn more than £10,000

They'll need to be enrolled into your auto-enrolment pension, regardless of their employment status.

Further, if they are under 22 but earn more than £10,000, they have the legal right to join your pension scheme if they ask. You don't have to enrol them automatically.

#5 Auto-enrolment thresholds

Auto-enrolment pension thresholds impact:

- Which employees are eligible for automatic enrolment
- How much you need to contribute to their pensions

It comes from establishing at what earning level employees qualify for autoenrolment, and how much of their earnings qualifies as 'pensionable' - i.e. how much of an employee's earnings you'll use as the figure for a percentage pension contribution.

The government Department of Work and Pensions reviews these thresholds yearly and makes adjustments to reflect the wider economy.



You can delay the date you enrol an eligible employee

in your pension scheme by up to 3 months

Auto-enrolment pension rates: How much you need to contribute

The auto-enrolment rates for the 2022/23 tax year are below:

Threshold	What does it mean?	Monthly salary	Annual salary
Auto- enrolement	Any employee earning this threshold or above must be enrolled into your pension scheme	£833	£10,000
Qualifying earnings	This is the portion of an employee's earnings you'll use when calculating emplyer pension contributions	£520 - £4,189	£6,240 - £50,270

This affects how much you as a business will need to contribute into each employee's pension.

#6 Is auto-enrolment the same as salary sacrifice?

You may have also heard about salary sacrifice pensions in relation to autoenrolment. Here's what you need to know. Salary sacrifice is not the same thing as auto-enrolment.

Auto-enrolment simply refers to the legal requirement for all UK companies to register eligible employees into their workplace pension scheme.

Very briefly, salary sacrifice is one method of processing employer pension contributions. It's a way of reducing National Insurance liabilities for both the employee and employer.

The other options are net pay and relief at source. Put another way, all salary sacrifice pensions are auto-enrolment, but not all auto-enrolment pensions are salary sacrifice.

#7 Who can opt out of auto-enrolment?

Any employee who doesn't want to take part in your auto-enrolment scheme will need to opt-out manually.

There is no limit on who can opt-out (or when) - they'll simply need to let you know that they no longer wish to take part.

You'll no longer need to contribute into their pension unless they decide to re-enrol at a later date. The money in their pot at the time they opt-out will remain where it is, ready to access in retirement or to be **transferred** to another pension provider.

It's important to know that, as the employer, legally you need to offer every worker the chance to opt back into your pension scheme at least once a year.

After 3 years, you'll need to re-enrol them back in your pension scheme automatically, as long as they're still eligible.

How Penfold can help

Penfold is the workplace pension provider for forward-thinking businesses who want an unbeatable employee experience. Empower your team with a cost-effective auto-enrolment scheme tailored to your business.

Our cutting-edge technology makes running your pension scheme simple, integrated into your payroll in a few clicks.

Plus, our friendly team of pension experts is available to answer any and all questions whenever you like.

It's free to set up or switch and our dedicated team of pension experts will get you up and running in under a week.

